



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS  
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE  
NAME

CENTRE  
NUMBER

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CANDIDATE  
NUMBER

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**BIOLOGY**

**0610/33**

Paper 3 Extended

**October/November 2011**

**1 hour 15 minutes**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

**DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.**

Answer **all** questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
<b>Total</b>	

This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.



- 1 Fig. 1.1 shows a diagram and a photograph of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) after release from a human cell.

For  
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Use

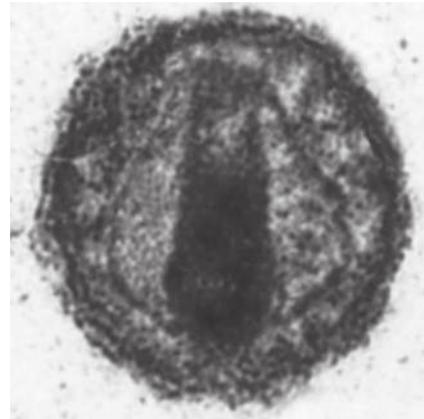
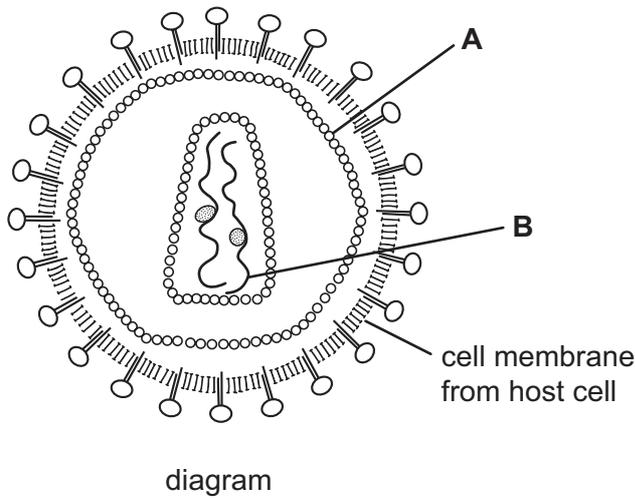


Fig. 1.1

- (a) Identify A and B.

A .....  
 B ..... [2]

- (b) HIV infects lymphocytes and may lead to their destruction.

Explain why the destruction of lymphocytes puts people infected with HIV at increased risk of developing many infectious diseases.

.....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....  
 .....  
 ..... [3]

- (c) List three methods of transmission of HIV.

1 .....  
 2 .....  
 3 ..... [3]

(d) Describe ways in which the spread of HIV can be reduced.

.....

.....

.....

.....

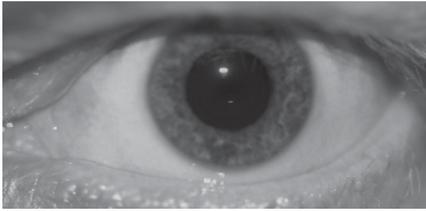
.....

..... [3]

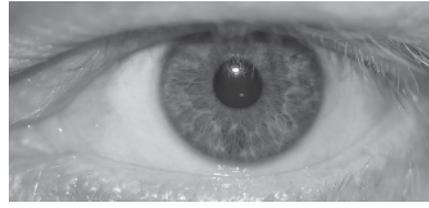
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[Total: 11]

2 Fig. 2.1 shows the changes that occur to the iris when a light is switched on.



before light is switched on



after light is switched on

**Fig. 2.1**

(a) (i) Describe **and** explain the change to the eye as the light is switched on.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(ii) Explain why the change you described is necessary.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(iii) Distinguish between the functions of rods and cones in the eye.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

Fig. 2.2 shows the neurones involved in stimulating the muscles in the iris when the changes shown in Fig. 2.1 take place.

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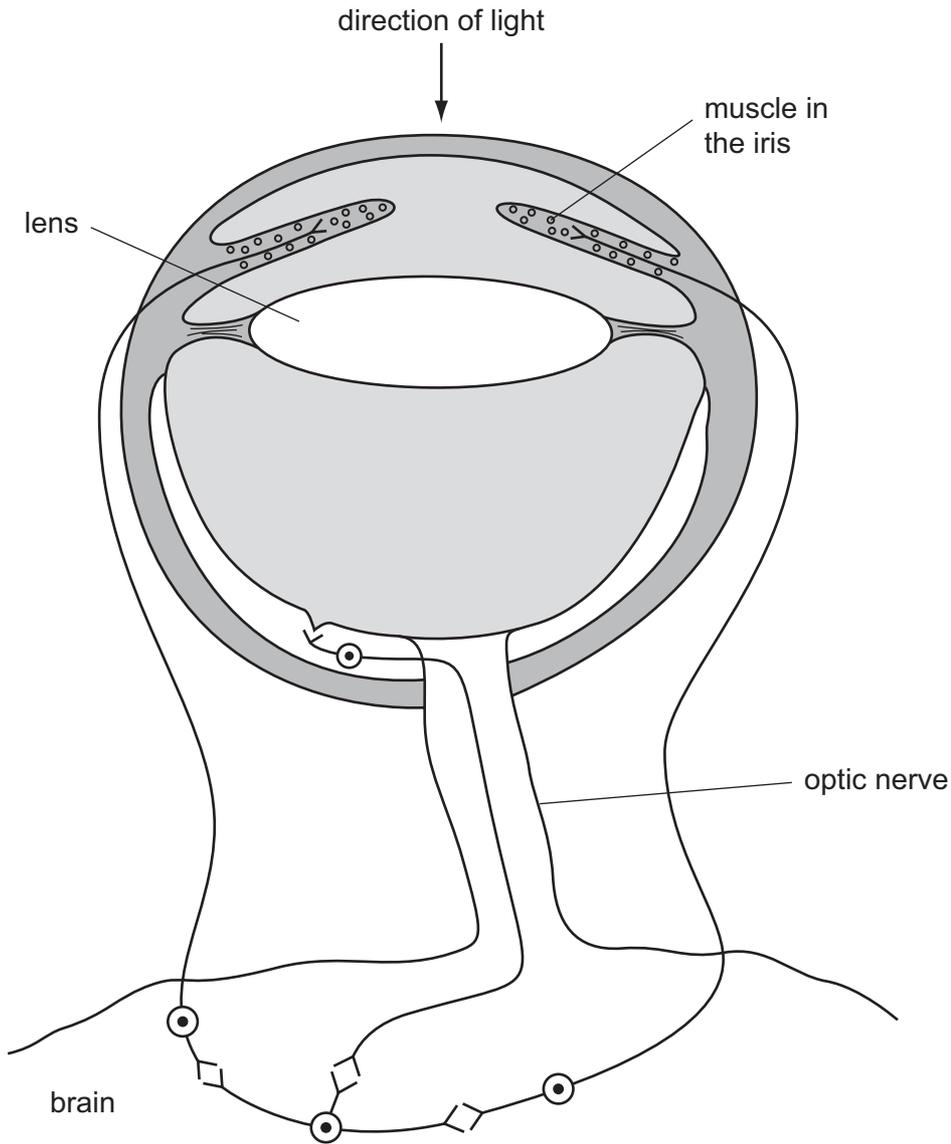


Fig. 2.2

- (b) On Fig. 2.2 draw an arrow on each of the **four neurones** to show the direction taken by the impulses when the light is switched on. [1]

(c) Muscles in the iris are described as antagonistic.

Explain the term *antagonistic* using the muscles in the iris as an example.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

(d) Neurones that terminate in the adrenal gland stimulate the release of adrenaline into the blood.

(i) Describe situations when adrenaline would be released from the gland into the blood.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

(ii) State **one** advantage of releasing adrenaline to coordinate the body rather than using nerve impulses.

.....  
.....  
..... [1]

[Total: 14]







- (e) The fungus extracted from the fermenter contains nutrients and is converted into foods, such as burgers and sausages, that are suitable for vegetarians.

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Examiner's  
Use

During processing, food additives are mixed with the fungus.

State **two** reasons for mixing food additives with the fungus that is made into foods.

1 .....

.....

2 .....

..... [2]

[Total: 14]



4 (a) Explain how water is absorbed by plant roots.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

(b) Young plants were grown in pots of sand for four weeks.

Some plants were watered with distilled water at pH 7.0 (no salts).

Most pots were watered with solutions containing different concentrations of salt (sodium chloride) at pH 7.0.

The plants were kept at 20°C.

The growth of the plants was measured after four weeks.

The growth of the plants is shown in Fig. 4.1 as percentages of the growth of the plants watered with distilled water.

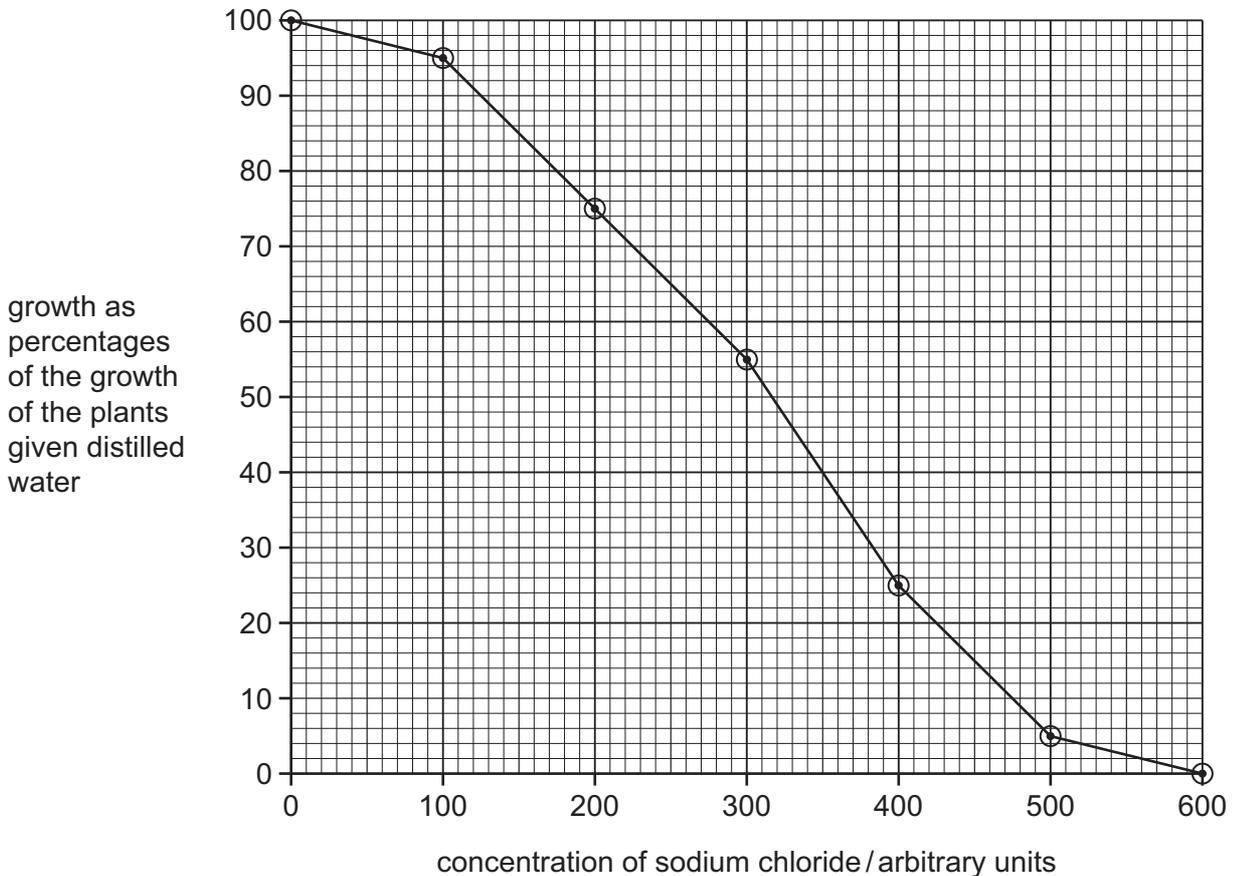


Fig. 4.1

(i) Describe the results shown in Fig. 4.1.

You will gain credit for using the figures in the graph to support your answer.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

(ii) Explain the difference in growth between the plants watered with low concentrations and those watered with high concentrations of salt solution.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [4]

For  
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The pH of soils influences the availability of ions to plants.

Fig. 4.2 shows the availability of ions in soils of different pH.

For  
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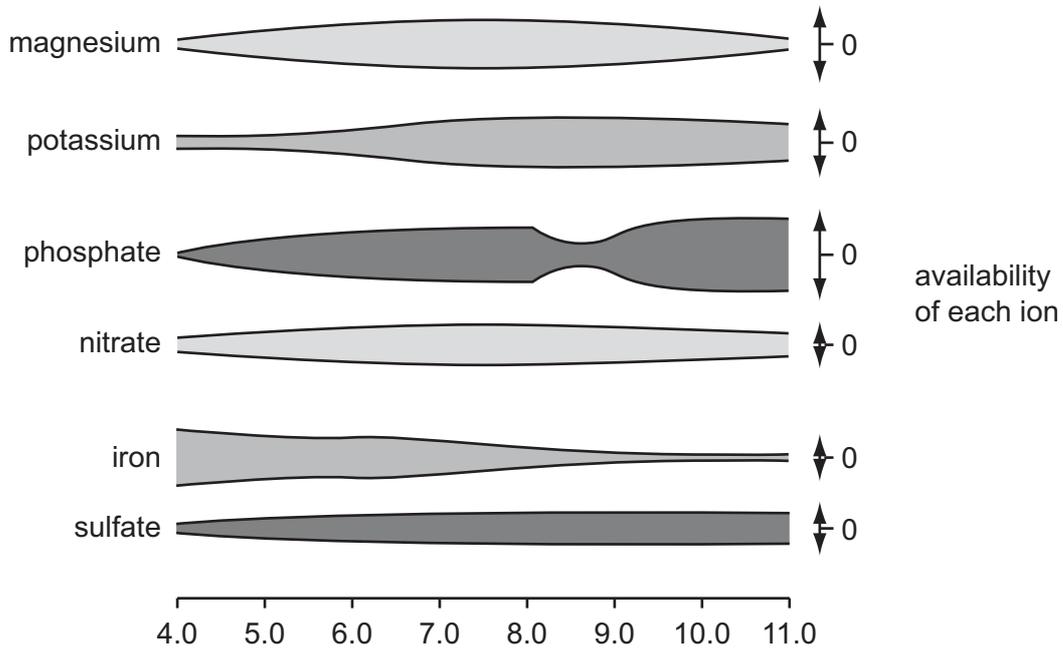


Fig. 4.2

(c) Name the ion that is **least** available in soils of pH 4.0 and in soils of pH 11.0.

pH 4.0 .....

pH 11.0 ..... [2]

(d) Plants grown in soils of pH 10 may show symptoms of deficiency. They are stunted and their leaves are yellow.

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Explain how deficiencies of magnesium ions and nitrate ions lead to the symptoms described.

magnesium ions .....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

nitrate ions .....

.....

.....

.....

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.....

.....

..... [4]

[Total: 16]





The eyes of *Tribolium* species are usually black. A very small number of flour beetles have white eyes.

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(d) Explain how this happens and why they are so rare.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(e) Insect pests, such as flour beetles, eat the flour and deposit nitrogenous waste in urine and faeces into the flour. This leads to the growth of bacteria and fungi in the flour.

Suggest **and** explain what happens to the nitrogenous waste and the faeces released by the flour beetles.

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.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [4]

[Total: 16]

- 6 Fig. 6.1 shows the Calayan rail, *Gallirallus calayanensis*, a flightless bird that inhabits Calayan Island in the Philippines. This species of bird was discovered in 2004.

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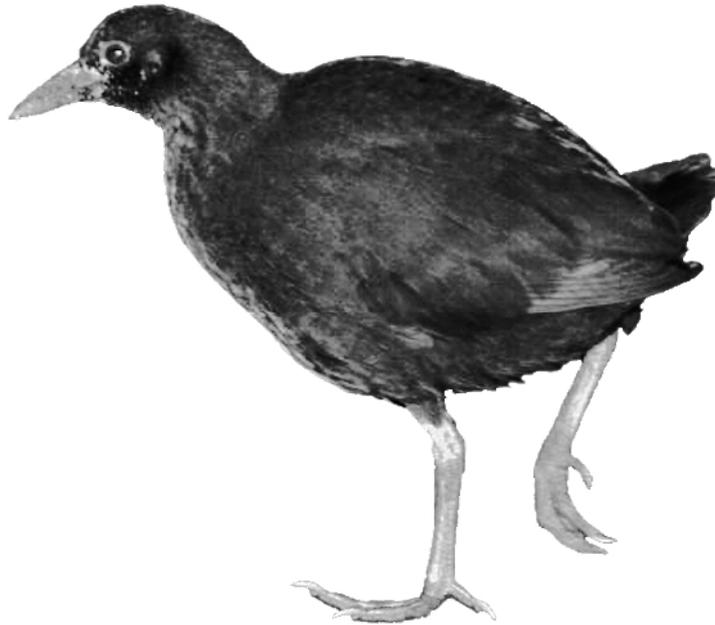


Fig. 6.1

- (a) State the name of the genus of the Calayan rail.

..... [1]

Many bird species are threatened by deforestation.

- (b) Suggest three reasons why deforestation occurs.

1 .....  
2 .....  
3 ..... [3]

- (c) Suggest the likely effects of deforestation on populations of bird species.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

(d) Some species of birds, such as the Calayan rail, are endangered.

Outline the reasons why it is important to conserve species.

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [2]

[Total: 9]

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*Copyright Acknowledgements:*

Fig. 6.1 James Eaton; Photograph of the Calayan rail. [http://www.birdforum.net/bird\\_view.php?bid=9957](http://www.birdforum.net/bird_view.php?bid=9957).

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